

**International Accounting Standard 28**

# Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

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## **INTRODUCTION**

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## Introduction

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- IN1 International Accounting Standard 28 *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures* (IAS 28) prescribes the accounting for investments in associates and sets out the requirements for the application of the equity method when accounting for investments in associates and joint ventures.
- IN2 The Standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013. Earlier application is permitted.

## Main features of the Standard

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- IN3 IAS 28 (as amended in 2011) is to be applied by all entities that are investors with joint control of, or significant influence over, an investee.
- IN4 The Standard defines significant influence as the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control of those policies.
- IN5 IFRS 11 *Joint Arrangements* establishes principles for the financial reporting of parties to joint arrangements. It defines joint control as the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.
- IN6 An entity applies IFRS 11 to determine the type of joint arrangement in which it is involved. Once it has determined that it has an interest in a joint venture, the entity recognises an investment and accounts for it using the equity method in accordance with IAS 28 (as amended in 2011), unless the entity is exempted from applying the equity method as specified in the Standard.

### Equity method

- IN7 The Standard defines the equity method as a method of accounting whereby the investment is initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post-acquisition change in the investor's share of net assets of the investee. The profit or loss of the investor includes its share of the profit or loss of the investee and the other comprehensive income of the investor includes its share of other comprehensive income of the investee.
- IN8 An entity uses the equity method to account for its investments in associates or joint ventures in its consolidated financial statements. An entity that does not have any subsidiaries also uses the equity method to account for its investments in associates or joint ventures in its financial statements even though those are not described as consolidated financial statements. An entity could elect to use the equity method in its separate financial statements that it presents in accordance with IAS 27 *Separate Financial Statements*.

### Exemptions from applying the equity method

- IN9 The Standard provides exemptions from applying the equity method similar to those provided in IFRS 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements* for parents not to prepare consolidated financial statements.

IN10 The Standard also provides exemptions from applying the equity method when the investment in the associate or joint venture is held by, or is held indirectly through, venture capital organisations, or mutual funds, unit trusts and similar entities including investment-linked insurance funds. Those investments in associates and joint ventures may be measured at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*.

### **Disclosure**

IN11 The disclosure requirements for entities with joint control of, or significant influence over, an investee are specified in IFRS 12 *Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities*.